

Dated 18/06/2024

First compilation Printed on 01/07/2024

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PROFESSIONAL RACING LONG - NAVY

Safety Data Sheet
According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name

PROFESSIONAL RACING LONG LIFE - NAVY

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

MARINE PAINTINGS Intended use

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer	
Paint product for boating - marine	~	✓	-	
Uses Advised Against				

CONSUMER: DO-IT-YOURSELF

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name **GAPI PAINTS SRL** Full address

Traversa 1 di viale industria 33 District and Country 24060 Castelli Calepio (BG)

Italy

Tel. +39 035 847453 Fax +39 035 848691

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet flavio.morosini@gapipaints.it

GAPI PAINTS srl. Supplier:

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Ireland: National Poisons Information Centre / Tel.: (01) 809 2166 (8 am to 10 pm)

https://www.poisons.ie/

England: NHS 111: 111 Scotland: NHS 24: 111

Wales: NHS Direct: 111 or 0845 4647

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

category 1

•	azara diaddination and indication.		
	Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
	Acute toxicity, category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
	Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
			exposure.
	Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
	Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
	Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity,	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.



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Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

H410

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:











Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

P370+P378 In case of fire, use foam, powder, CO2 extinguishing media. Water spray to cool containers. "Do not use water."

Contains: XYLENE

DICOPPER OXIDE COLOPHONY Copper Pyrithione



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The product is classified both in acute and long-term aquatic hazard categories: it is possible to use only hazard statement H410 on the label.

Product not intended for uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
DICOPPER OXIDE		
INDEX 029-002-00-X	30 ≤ x < 35	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10
EC 215-270-7		ATE Oral: 500 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 3,34 mg/l/4h
CAS 1317-39-1		
REACH Reg. 01-2119513794-36- XXXX COLOPHONY		
INDEX 650-015-00-7	13 ≤ x < 16	Skin Sens. 1 H317
EC 232-475-7		
CAS 8050-09-7		
REACH Reg. 01-2119480418-32- XXXX		
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (CAS number: 64742-95-6) INDEX -	10≤x< 13	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066
EC 918-668-5		.,,
CAS 128601-23-0		
REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35- XXXX XYLENE		
INDEX 601-022-00-9	10 ≤ x < 13	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC 215-535-7		ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l
CAS 1330-20-7		
REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32- XXXX ZINC OXIDE		
INDEX 030-013-00-7	7≤x< 8	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC 215-222-5		
CAS 1314-13-2		
REACH Reg. 01-2119463881-32- XXXX REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE		
INDEX -	2≤x< 3	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,



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STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP

Regulation: C

EC 905-588-0 ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

CAS -

REACH Reg. 01-2119539452-

40XXXX

Copper Pyrithione

INDEX - $1,4 \le x < 2,4$ Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1

H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=100

EC 238-984-0 ATE Oral: 500 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 0,07 mg/l/4h

CAS 14915-37-8

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL

ACFTATE

INDEX 607-195-00-7 $1 \le x < 2$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-603-9 CAS 108-65-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29-

XXXX

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxiran

INDEX 603-073-00-2 $0.2 \le x < 0.3$ Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 2

FC 216-823-5 Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 5%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 5%

CAS 1675-54-3

REACH Reg. 01-2119456619-26-

0006 Pyrithione zinc

INDEX 613-333-00-7 $0.25 \le x < 0.3$ Repr. 1B H360D, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, STOT RE 1 H372,

Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10

ATE Oral: 100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 0,14 mg/l/4h EC 236-671-3

CAS 13463-41-7

METHYL METHACRYLATE

INDEX 607-035-00-6 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1 H317, $0,0099 \le x <$

0.0158 Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: D

FC 201-297-1 CAS 80-62-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119452498-28-

XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

*UVCB substance, for which the following product identifiers are also valid:

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE; CE N. : 905-588-0; Nr. REACH: 01-2119486136-34/ Nr. REACH: 01-2119488216-32; Massa di reazione di etilbenzene e M-xilene e P-xilene; CE N: 905-562-9; Nr. REACH: 01-2119488216-32/ Nr REACH: 01-2119555267-33.

Actives Substances PT21

Dicopper oxide 300 g/Kg (480,0 g/L) Copper Pyrithione 20 g/Kg (32,0 g/L) Pyrithione zinc 2,5 g/Kg (4,0 g/L)

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document. In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.



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EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration.

Get medical advice/attention.

Pyrithione zinc

Poisoning symptoms can appear even after several hours.

In case of malaise consult a doctor.

If inhaled, take the person to fresh air and call a doctor immediately.

In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash it off with plenty of soap and water.

In case of contact with eyes, rinse with plenty of water also under the eyelids for at least 15 minutes and call a doctor / poison control center.

If ingested, rinse the mouth with plenty of water (if the person is conscious). Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head down to prevent vomit from going into the lungs, contact a physician / poison control center immediately.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

Pyrithione zinc

In case of contact, it can cause permanent eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

Pyrithione zinc

Treat symptomatically.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.



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METHYL METHACRYLATE

Heat may cause the product to polymerize, which could lead to explosion.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Store in an inert atmosphere, sheletered from moisture because it hydrolises easily.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany): 3



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7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Portugal

Polska

Regulatory references:

PRT

POL

DEU Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung Deutschland

gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58

ESP Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023 España FRA France Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en FranceDécret n° 2021-1849 du 28

décembre 2021

Italia Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 ITA

NLD Nederland Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste

lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit

Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes

químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos

Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie

w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w

Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea ROU România

și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) **GBR** United Kingdom ACGIH 2023 EU

TLV-ACGIH RCP TLV

ACGIH TLVs and BEIs -

Appendix I	+
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Туре	Country	TWA/8	h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observat		
		mg/m3	<u> </u>	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observa	tions	
MAK	DEU	0,01			0,02				
MAK	DEU	0,01			0,02		RESP	Als Cu	
VLA	ESP	0,01					RESP	Como Cu	1
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,2						Na Cu	
WEL	GBR	1			2			As Cu	
Predicted no-effect co	oncentration - PNE	C							
Normal value in fresh	water				7,8	μΙ/	g		
Normal value in marir	ne water				5,2	μl/	g		
Normal value for fres	h water sediment				87	mg	ı/kg		
Normal value for mar	ine water sedimen	t			676	mg	ı/kg		
Normal value of STP	microorganisms				0,23	mg	ı/l		
Normal value for the	terrestrial compart	ment			65	mç	ı/kg		
Health - Derived r	Effe	DNEL / Diects on sumers	MEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure		te local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			82 μg/kg bw/day		41 μg/kg bw/day		•		
Inhalation	NPI		NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	1 mg/m3	1 mg/m3
Skin	NPI		NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	137 mg/kg bw/d



AGW

MAK

DEU

DEU

220

220

50

50

440

440

100

100

SKIN

SKIN

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COLOPHONY Threshold Limit Value	lle.								
уре	Country	TWA/8	h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observat		
		mg/m3		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observa	uons	
ΓLV	ROU	0,1							
WEL	GBR	0,05			0,15				
ΓLV-ACGIH		0,001							
Predicted no-effect conc	entration - PNEO	0							
Normal value in fresh wa	ater				0	mg	/I		
Normal value in marine v	water				0	mg	/I		
Normal value for fresh w	ater sediment				0,02	mg	/kg		
Normal value for marine	water sediment				0	mg	/kg		
Normal value of STP mid	croorganisms				1000	mg	/I		
Normal value for the foo	d chain (seconda	ary poisonir	ng)		0	mg	/kg		
Health - Derived no-			MEL						
		cts on sumers				Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute	e local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral					15 mg/kg		0,01011110		oyotoo
nhalation					52 mg/m3				176 mg/m3
Hydrocarbons, C9, a			r: 64742-95-6)		15 mg/kg				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a	entration - PNEC		er: 64742-95-6)						25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa	entration - PNE(ater		er: 64742-95-6)		NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine v	entration - PNEC ater water		er: 64742-95-6)		NPI NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine v	entration - PNEC ater water rater sediment	C	er: 64742-95-6)		NPI NPI NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine v Normal value for fresh w	entration - PNEC ater water vater sediment water sediment	C	er: 64742-95-6)		NPI NPI NPI NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine wanten walue for fresh wanten walue for marine Normal value for water, i	entration - PNEC ater water vater sediment water sediment intermittent relea	C	er: 64742-95-6)		NPI NPI NPI NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine wallormal value for fresh wallormal value for marine Normal value for marine	entration - PNEC ater water rater sediment water sediment intermittent relea	C			NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine wa Normal value for fresh wa Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mic	entration - PNEC ater water water sediment water sediment intermittent relea croorganisms d chain (seconda	ase ary poisonin			NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine wa Normal value for fresh wa Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mice Normal value for the food Normal value for the terr	entration - PNEC ater water rater sediment water sediment intermittent release croorganisms d chain (secondate restrial compartm	ase ary poisonin			NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine wa Normal value for fresh wa Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mice Normal value for the food Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent releasoroorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartmosphere	ase ary poisonin	ng)		NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI				25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine wa Normal value for fresh wa Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mice Normal value for the food Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent relead croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm nosphere effect level - I	ase ary poisonin nent DNEL / Dr	ng)		NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI	Effects on			25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine wa Normal value for fresh wa Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mid Normal value for the food Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm Health - Derived no-	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent release croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm nosphere effect level - Effect cons	ase ary poisonin	ng)	Chronic local	NPI	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh was Normal value in marine was Normal value for fresh was Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mice Normal value for the food Normal value for the terr Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm Health - Derived no- Route of exposure	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent release croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm nosphere effect level - Effeccons	ase ary poisonin nent DNEL / DN ts on numers	ng)	Chronic local	NPI	workers	Acute systemic	Chronic local	
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh was Normal value in marine was Normal value for fresh was Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mice Normal value for the terr Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm Health - Derived no- Route of exposure	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent release croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm nosphere effect level - Effeccons	ase ary poisonin nent DNEL / DN ts on numers	ng)	Chronic local	NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI	workers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conce Normal value in fresh was Normal value in marine was Normal value for fresh was Normal value for marine Normal value for water, is Normal value of STP mice Normal value for the food Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm Health - Derived no- Route of exposure Dral Inhalation	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent release croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm nosphere effect level - Effeccons	ase ary poisonin nent DNEL / DN ts on numers	ng)	Chronic local	NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI	workers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh was Normal value in marine was Normal value for fresh was Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mid Normal value for the fool Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm Health - Derived no- Route of exposure Oral Inhalation	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent release croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm nosphere effect level - Effeccons	ase ary poisonin nent DNEL / DN ts on numers	ng)	Chronic local	NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI	workers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect concovernal value in fresh was varied and value in marine was varied value for fresh was varied value for marine value for marine value for water, in varied value for the food varied value for the term varied value for the atmatched value of exposure value of exposure value of exposure value for the atmatched value of exposure value value of exposure value val	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent release croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm nosphere effect level - Effeccons	ase ary poisonin nent DNEL / DN ts on numers	ng)	Chronic local	NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI NPI 1 NPI	workers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic 150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine wa Normal value for fresh wa Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value of STP mice Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm Health - Derived no- Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent relea croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm nosphere effect level - I Effect cons Acute	ase ary poisonin nent DNEL / DN ts on numers	ng)	Chronic local	NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI NPI 1 NPI	workers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic 150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C9, a Predicted no-effect conc Normal value in fresh wa Normal value in marine w Normal value for fresh w Normal value for marine Normal value for water, i Normal value for the food Normal value for the terr Normal value for the atm Health - Derived no- Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin XYLENE Threshold Limit Value Type	entration - PNECenter water water sediment water sediment intermittent relea croorganisms d chain (seconda estrial compartm inosphere effect level - I Effect cons Acute	ase ary poisonin nent DNEL / DN ts on numers	MEL Acute systemic		NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI NPI NPI 1 NPI NPI 1 NPI	workers		:1	Chronic systemic 150 mg/m3 25 mg/kg



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Health - Derive		- DNEL / DMEL fects on nsumers			Effects on workers		
	ne terrestrial compar			0,852	mg/k	g	
Normal value of S7	ΓP microorganisms			1,6	mg/l		
Normal value for m	narine water sedime	nt		0,252	mg/k	g	
Normal value for fr	esh water sediment			2,52	mg/k	g	
Normal value in ma	arine water			0,004	mg/l		
Normal value in fre	esh water			0,044	mg/l		
Predicted no-effect	t concentration - PN	EC					
TLV-ACGIH			20				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN	
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TGG	NLD	210		442		SKIN	
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN	

Health - Derived no-ef	fect level - DNEL / [OMEL						
	Effects on				Effects on			
	consumers				workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
				systemic		systemic		systemic
Oral				12,5 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	65.3 mg/m3	65,3 mg/m3	442 mg/m3	442 mg/m3	221 mg/m3	221 mg/m3
Skin				125 ma/ka/d				212 ma/ka/d

Threshold Limit							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
MAK	DEU	2		4		INHAL	
MAK	DEU	0,1		0,4		RESP	
VLA	ESP	2		10			
VLEP	FRA	5					
VLEP	FRA	10				RESP	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	5		10		INHAL	Na Zn
TLV	ROU	5		10			Fumuri
TLV-ACGIH		2		10		RESP	
Predicted no-effect	concentration - PNE	C					
Normal value in fres	sh water			14,4	μg/L		
Normal value in ma	rine water			7,2	μg/L		
Normal value for fre	esh water sediment			146,9	mg/kg/d		
Normal value for ma	arine water sedimen	t		162,2	mg/kg/d		
Normal value of ST	P microorganisms			100	μg/L		
Normal value for the	e terrestrial comparti	ment		831	mg/kg/d		
Normal value for the	e atmosphere			NPI			



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	Effects on consumers				Effects on workers			
Coute of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral		NPI		830 µg/kg bw/d				
nhalation	NPI	NPI	NPI	2,5 mg/m3	NPI	NPI	NPI	5 mg/m3
kin	NPI	NPI	NPI	83 mg/kg bw/d	NPI	NPI	NPI	83 mg/kg bw/d
OPPER PHTHALOC								
уре	Country TWA	/8h	S	STEL/15min		Remarks . Observati		
	mg/m	13	ppm n	ng/m3	ppm	Observati	OHS	
'LA	ESP 0,01					RESP	Como Cu	ı
VEL	GBR 1			2			As Cu	
redicted no-effect concer	tration - PNEC							
lormal value for fresh wat	er sediment			10	mç	g/kg/d		
Normal value for marine w	ater sediment			1	mç	g/kg/d		
Normal value for the terres	trial compartment			1	m(g/kg/d		
lealth - Derived no-ef	fect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	OMEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				45 mg/kg bw/d		Зузістно		Systemic
nhalation				DW/U				4 mg/m3
Skin				225 mg/kg bw/d				450 mg/kg bw/d
REACTION MASS OF		ND XYLENE						
Predicted no-effect concer	tration - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh wate	r			327	μg	/L		
Normal value in marine wa	ter			327	μg	/L		
Normal value for fresh wat	er sediment			12,46	mg	g/kg/d		
Normal value for marine w				12,46	mç	g/kg/d		
Normal value of STP micro	organisms			6,58	mį	g/l		
Normal value for the terres				2,31	mį	g/kg/d		
Health - Derived no-ef	fect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	OMEL			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				12,5 mg/kg bw/d		•		•
nhalation	260 mg/m3	260 mg/m3	65,3 mg/m3	65,3 mg/m3	442 mg/m3	442 mg/m3	221 mg/m3	221 mg/m
Skin				125 mg/kg				212 mg/kg

Copper Pyrith Threshold Lim							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
RCP TLV		0,35		1			



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Туре	Country	TWA/8h			STEL/15min		Remarks		
		mg/m3		ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observat	tions	
AGW	DEU	270		50	270	50			
ИАК	DEU	270		50	270	50			
/LA	ESP	275		50	550	100	SKIN		
/LEP	FRA	275		50	550	100	SKIN		
VLEP	ITA	275		50	550	100	SKIN		
TGG	NLD	550							
VLE	PRT	275		50	550	100	SKIN		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	260			520		SKIN		
TLV	ROU	275			550	100	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	274			548	100	SKIN		
OEL	EU	275			550	100	SKIN		
Predicted no-effect co						100	ORIN		
Normal value in fresh					0,635	mg	ı/I		
Normal value in marin					0,0635	mg			
Normal value for fresh					3,29				
							ı/kg		
Normal value for mari		τ 			0,329		ı/kg		
Normal value of STP	microorganisms				100	mg	J/I		
	•				NPI				
Normal value for the t	terrestrial compartr				0,29	mg	/kg		
Normal value for the t	terrestrial compartr					mg	l/kg		
Normal value for the t	terrestrial compartr atmosphere no-effect level -	ment DNEL / DMEL			0,29		/kg		
Normal value for the t Normal value for the a Health - Derived n	terrestrial comparts atmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers			0,29 NPI	Effects on workers			
Normal value for the t Normal value for the a Health - Derived n	terrestrial comparts atmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers	ute systemic	Chronic local	0,29 NPI	Effects on	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Normal value for the to Normal value for the and the American Health - Derived in Route of exposure	atmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons Acu	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers		Chronic local 36 mg/kg bw/d	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic	Effects on workers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Normal value for the to Normal value for the and Health - Derived in Route of exposure Dral Inhalation	derrestrial compartr atmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons Acu 500 NPI	PONEL / DMEL ects on sumers sute local Act or mg/kg bw/d	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3	O,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute systemic	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation	derrestrial compartr atmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons Acu 500	PONEL / DMEL ects on sumers sute local Act or mg/kg bw/d	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1 1,67 mg/kg	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute systemic		
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation	derrestrial compartr atmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons Acu 500 NPI	PONEL / DMEL ects on sumers sute local Act or mg/kg bw/d	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3	O,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute systemic	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Dral Inhalation Skin	terrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons Acu 500 NPI NPI	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers ate local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	O,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute systemic	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethyledicted no-effect contents of the state of t	no-effect level - Effect level - Solution -	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers ate local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	O,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI	Acute systemic NPI NPI	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethyledicted no-effect contents of the state of t	no-effect level - Effect level - Solution -	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers ate local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	O,29 NPI Chronic systemic document of the sy	Effects on workers Acute local	Acute systemic NPI NPI	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethylethylethylethylethylethylethyl	terrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons Acu 500 NPI NPI VIidene)bis(4,1- concentration - PNE	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers ate local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	O,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI	Acute systemic NPI NPI	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethylethylethylethylethylethylethyl	errestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effectons Acu 500 NPI NPI Vylidene)bis(4,1- oncentration - PNE water ne water	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers ate local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	O,29 NPI Chronic systemic document of the sy	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI	Acute systemic NPI NPI	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the f Normal value for the t Normal value for the a Health - Derived n Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methyleth) Predicted no-effect co Normal value in fresh Normal value for fresh Normal value for marin	terrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effe cons Acu 500 NPI NPI VIIdene)bis(4,1- concentration - PNE water ne water h water sediment	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers ate local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP -phenyleneoxy	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg	Acute systemic NPI NPI	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethylethylethylethylethylethylethyl	terrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effect constance Acu 500 NPI NPI NPI ylidene)bis(4,1- poncentration - PNE water ne water n water sediment ine water sediment	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers ate local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP -phenyleneoxy	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic d 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001 341	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg	Acute systemic NPI NPI VI VI VI VKg/dw	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethyledicted no-effect con Normal value in marin Normal value for fresh Normal value for marin Normal value for STP	cerrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effectons Acu 500 NPI NPI Viidene)bis(4,1- procentration - PNE water ne water ne water sediment ine water sediment microorganisms	ment DNEL / DMEL cots on sumers ste local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP -phenyleneoxy EC	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001 341 34,1	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg mg pg/ pg/ pg/ mg	Acute systemic NPI NPI VI VI VI VKg/dw	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the total Normal value for the and the alth - Derived in the alth - Der	sterrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effect conserved Accumum State Sta	ment DNEL / DMEL cots on sumers ste local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP -phenyleneoxy EC	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001 341 34,1	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg mg pg/ pg/ pg/ mg	Acute systemic NPI NPI //I //kg/dw //kg/dw	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the total Normal value for the and the alth - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethylethyleredicted no-effect content of the second value in maring the second value for freshylormal value for freshylormal value of STP in Normal value of STP in Normal value for the formal value for the formal value for the second v	serrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effect servel - Solution Servel Serve	ment DNEL / DMEL acts on sumers Ite local Act mg/kg bw/d NP NP -phenyleneoxy CC dary poisoning)	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001 341 34,1 10 11	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg mg pg/ pg/ pg/ mg	Acute systemic NPI NPI //I //kg/dw //kg/dw	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethylethyled normal value in maring the shormal value for fresh Normal value for maring the shormal value of STP Normal value for the formal value for the at Normal value for the formal value for the formal value for the at Normal value for	sterrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effect constance Accu 500 NPI NPI NPI ylidene)bis(4,1- poncentration - PNE water ne water ne water sediment microorganisms food chain (second atmosphere no-effect level - Effe	ment DNEL / DMEL ects on sumers Ite local Act mg/kg bw/d NP NP -phenyleneoxy CC Act Act Draw (Act Draw (Act	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001 341 34,1 10 11	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg mg µg/ µg/ mg mg	Acute systemic NPI NPI //I //kg/dw //kg/dw	NPI	systemic 275 mg/m3 796 mg/kg
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethylethylethylethylethylethylethyl	sterrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effect constant and stant	ment DNEL / DMEL DOTEL / DMEL	ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001 341 34,1 10 11 NPI Chronic	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg mg pg/ pg/ mg mg	Acute systemic NPI NPI VI	NPI	275 mg/m² 796 mg/kg bw/d Chronic
Normal value for the to Normal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methyleth) Predicted no-effect con Normal value in marin Normal value for fresh Normal value for step Normal value for the formal value for the at Health - Derived in Route of exposure	sterrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effect constant and stant	ment DNEL / DMEL DOTEL / DMEL	ute systemic Pl ymethylene) ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI]bisoxirane	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001 341 34,1 10 11 NPI	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg mg pg/ pg/ mg mg Effects on workers	Acute systemic NPI NPI //I //I //kg/dw //kg/dw //l //kg/dw	NPI NPI	systemic 275 mg/m: 796 mg/kg bw/d
Normal value for the total Normal value for the and the alth - Derived in Route of exposure Oral Inhalation Skin 2,2'-[(1-methylethyled normal value in fresh Normal value in fresh Normal value for fresh Normal value for the formal value for the formal value for the and the alth - Derived in Route of exposure Oral	sterrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effect constant and stant	ment DNEL / DMEL exts on sumers Ite local Acu mg/kg bw/d NP NP -phenyleneoxy C dary poisoning) DNEL / DMEL exts on sumers Ite local Acu NP	ute systemic ymethylene) ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI]bisoxirane Chronic local	O,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d O,006 O,001 341 34,1 10 11 NPI Chronic systemic 500 µg/kg bw/day	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg mg pg/ pg/ mg mg Effects on workers	Acute systemic NPI NPI //I //I //kg/dw //kg/dw //kg/dw //kg/dw //kg/dw //systemic	NPI NPI	275 mg/m; 796 mg/kg bw/d Chronic systemic
Normal value for the total Normal value for the and the alth - Derived in the alth - Der	sterrestrial compartratmosphere no-effect level - Effect constant and stant	ment DNEL / DMEL acts on sumers Ite local Act mg/kg bw/d NP NP Phenyleneoxy C dary poisoning) DNEL / DMEL acts on sumers Ite local Act Act Act Act Act Act Act Act	ute systemic ymethylene) ute systemic ute systemic	36 mg/kg bw/d 33 mg/m3 NPI]bisoxirane	0,29 NPI Chronic systemic 1,67 mg/kg 33 mg/m3 320 mg/kg bw/d 0,006 0,001 341 34,1 10 11 NPI Chronic systemic 500 µg/kg	Effects on workers Acute local 550 mg/m3 NPI mg mg pg/ pg/ mg mg Effects on workers	Acute systemic NPI NPI VI	NPI NPI	275 mg/m² 796 mg/kg bw/d Chronic



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Туре	Value Country	ntry TWA/8h			STEL/15min		Domar	Remarks /		
туре	Country	I VVA/C	DII		STEL/TOITIIT	Observations				
		mg/m3	3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	2,5								
Predicted no-effect c	oncentration - PNE	С								
Normal value in fresh water				90	ng	/I				
Normal value in marine water				90	ng	/I				
Normal value for fresh water sediment					0,0095	mg/kg/d				
Normal value for marine water sediment					0,0095	mg/kg/d				
Normal value of STP microorganisms					0,01	mg/l				
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment				1,02	mg/kg/d					
Health - Derived	no-effect level -	DNEL / D	MEL							
		cts on sumers				Effects on workers				
Route of exposure	Acu	te local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	
Skin					2,21011110		2,21011110	VND	0.01 mg/kg/g	

METHYL METH						
Threshold Limit		TIMA (OL		OTEL /45i	Remarks /	
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min	Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	210	50	420	100	
MAK	DEU	210	50	420	100	
VLA	ESP		50		100	
VLEP	FRA	205	50	410	100	
VLEP	ITA		50		100	
TGG	NLD	205		410		
VLE	PRT		50		100	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		300		
TLV	ROU	205	50	410	100	
WEL	GBR	208	50	416	100	
OEL	EU		50		100	
TLV-ACGIH		205	50	410	100	
Predicted no-effect	concentration - PNE	EC .				
Normal value in fre	sh water			940	μg/L	
Normal value in ma	arine water			940	μg/L	
Normal value for fre	esh water sediment			5,74	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for m	Normal value for marine water sediment					
Normal value for water, intermittent release				940	μg/L	
Normal value of STP microorganisms				10	mg/l	
Normal value for th	Normal value for the terrestrial compartment				mg/kg/d	
Normal value for th	e atmosphere			NPI		



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PROFESSIONAL RACING LONG LIFE - NAVY

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL											
	Effects on				Effects on						
	consumers				workers						
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic			
				systemic		systemic		systemic			
Inhalation			104 mg/m3	74,3 mg/m3			208 mg/m3	208 mg/m3			
Skin	1,5 mg/kg bw/d		1,5 mg/kg bw/d	8,2 mg/kg bw/d	1,5 mg/kg bw/d		1,5 mg/kg bw/d	13,67 mg/kg bw/d			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED =

medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard. TLV of solvent mixture: 534 mg/m3

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type AX filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). If the substance considered is odorless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.



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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Appearance liquid Colour blue

Odour TYPICAL AROMATIC **HYDROCARBONS** Melting point / freezing point not available

> 35 °C Initial boiling point

Flammability flammable liquid Lower explosive limit not available not available Upper explosive limit 23 < T ≤ 60 Flash point Auto-ignition temperature not available Decomposition temperature not available

not available

Kinematic viscosity >20,5 mm2/sec (40°C)

2'15" ± 15" Dynamic viscosity

insoluble in water

Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available 6,65 mmHg Vapour pressure

 $1.600 \pm 30 \text{ g/L} \text{ kg/l}$ Density and/or relative density

not available Relative vapour density Particle characteristics not applicable

Denomination Other identifier

рΗ

Information

Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is

non-soluble (in water)

Method:v cinematics = v g/mm·s a 40°C /

g/mm3

Method:Coupe Ford Ø 4 Temperature: 20 °C

Method:OECD 109

Temperature: 20 °C

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 73,50 % Method: Valore calcolato VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 423,78 g/litre

26,49 % -23,26 % -VOC (volatile carbon) g/litre 372,23

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

COPPER PHTHALOCYANINE

Decomposes at temperatures above 350°C/662°F.



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2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With air, it can slowly give peroxides that explode due to temperature rise.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapors may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

XYLENE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

METHYL METHACRYLATE

May polymerise on contact with: ammonia,organic peroxides,persulphates.Risk of explosion on contact with: dibenzoyl peroxide,diterbutyl peroxide,propionaldehyde.May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

Pyrithione zinc

Avoid exposure to: direct sunlight, extremely high or extremely low temperatures

METHYL METHACRYLATE

Avoid exposure to: heat, UV rays. Avoid contact with: oxidising substances, reducing substances, acids, bases.

10.5. Incompatible materials

COPPER PHTHALOCYANINE

Incompatible with: strong acids, strong oxidants.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

Pyrithione zinc

Keep away from: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, strong alkalis.



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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

COPPER PHTHALOCYANINE

May develop: nitric oxide, carbon oxides, copper oxides.

Pyrithione zinc

It can develop: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulphur compounds

METHYL METHACRYLATE

When heated to decomposition releases: harsh fumes, zinc alloys.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is through the skin, while the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapor pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

IXYLENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; skin contact.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm irritation of the eye, nasal and oropharyngeal mucous membranes occurs. At 1000 ppm there are disturbances in balance and severe eye irritation. Clinical and biological examinations performed on exposed volunteers revealed no abnormalities. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation by direct contact. No chronic effects on humans are reported (INCR, 2010).

Interactive effects

XYLENE

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:

2,13 mg/l



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ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: Acute Tox. 4 ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: Acute Tox. 4 ATE (Oral) of the mixture: 1358.88 ma/ka ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

DICOPPER OXIDE

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg LD50 (Oral): 500 mg/kg

ATE (Oral): 500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): 3,34 mg/l/4h

COLOPHONY

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg RAT LD50 (Oral): > 2800 mg/kg RAT

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (CAS number: 64742-95-6)

LD50 (Dermal): > 3160 mg/kg Rabbit, male/female, OECD 402 LD50 (Oral): 3492 mg/kg RAT, male/female, OECD 401 LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 6,193 mg/l/4h RAT, male/female, OECD 403

XYLENE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 ml/kg Rabbit

ATE (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): > 3523 mg/kg Rat

6700 ppm/4h Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

ATE (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

ZINC OXIDE

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg RAT LD50 (Oral): > 5000 mg/kg RAT LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 5,7 ppm/4h RAT

CHLOROPARAFFIN

LD50 (Dermal): > 4000 mg/kg RAT LD50 (Oral): > 10000 mg/kg RAT

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE AND XYLENE

LD50 (Dermal): > 12126 mg/kg Rabbit

ATE (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

> 3500 mg/kg RAT LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 6350 mg/l/4h RAT

11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP ATE (Inhalation vapours):

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

Copper Pyrithione

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 1075 mg/kg Rat

ATE (Oral): 500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): 0,07 mg/l/4h Rat

ZEOLITE

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): > 15 mg/l/1h Rat

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 3160 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): 8500 mg/kg Rat



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LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 6193 mg/m3/4h Rat

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane

LD50 (Dermal): > 23000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): > 15000 mg/kg RAT

Pyrithione zinc

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): 221 mg/kg Rat

ATE (Oral): 100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): 0,14 mg/l/4h Rat – male or female

METHYL METHACRYLATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

LD50 (Oral): > 7900 mg/kg 7 900 - 9 400 mg/kg bw RAT

LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 29,8 mg/l/4h

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: >20,5 mm2/sec (40°C)



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11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it has negative effects on the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

XYLENE

LC50 - for Fish 2,6 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss
Chronic NOEC for Fish > 1,3 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss 56gg

COLOPHONY

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 60,3 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 911 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 1000 mg/l/72h

METHYL METHACRYLATE

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 79 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 69 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 110 mg/l/72h

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish > 100 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea > 408 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 100 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Fish 47,5 mg/l Oncothynchus mykiss
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 99 mg/l Daphnia magna

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 999 mg/l Selenastrum capricornutum

DICOPPER OXIDE

LC50 - for Fish 0,0384 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas EC50 - for Crustacea 0,0038 mg/l/48h Daphnia similis

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,0238 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish 0,0116 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0,0126 mg/l Daphnia magna

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,0029 mg/l Phaeodactylum tricornutumto

ZINC OXIDE

LC50 - for Fish 1,1 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea 1,7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,14 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish 0,53 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,024 mg/l



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REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE

AND XYLENE

LC50 - for Fish > 2,6 mg/l/96h 2.6 - 8.4

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants $> 4.6 \text{ mg/l/}72\text{h} \cdot 4.6 - 4.9$

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (CAS number:

64742-95-6)

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants $> 290 \mu g/l/72h 290 - 420 \mu g/L$

Copper Pyrithione

LC50 - for Fish 0,0032 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus Mykiss

EC50 - for Crustacea 0,022 mg/l/48h Daphnia Magna

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,00046 mg/l 120h Skeletonema costatum

ZEOLITE

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 680 mg/l/96h fish

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 300 mg/l/72h Algae

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane

LC50 - for Fish > 2 mg/l/96h PESCI EC50 - for Crustacea > 1.8 mg/l/48h DAFNIE

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 11 mg/l/ 72hEC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 4,2 mg/l/ 72h

Pyrithione zinc

LC50 - for Fish> 0,0026 mg/l/96h Cavedano americanoEC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants0,00088 mg/l/72h Skeletonema costatumEC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants0,00068 mg/l/72h Skeletonema costatum

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable COLOPHONY

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

COPPER PHTHALOCYANINE

Solubility in water 0,001 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

METHYL METHACRYLATE

Solubility in water 15300 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable DICOPPER OXIDE

Solubility in water 0,639 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable



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ZINC OXIDE

Solubility in water $> 1.2 \text{ mg/l } 1.2 - 2.9 \text{ mg/L} @ 20 ^{\circ}\text{C}$

NOT rapidly degradable

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE

AND XYLENE

Solubility in water > 165,8 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (CAS number:

64742-95-6)

Solubility in water > 93 mg/l

Rapidly degradable Copper Pyrithione

Entirely degradable

Intrinsequently biodegradable 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane

Solubility in water > 6,9 mg/l 0,1 - 100

NOT rapidly degradable

Pyrithione zinc
Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

XYLENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 BCF 25,9

COLOPHONY

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3
BCF 56,23

METHYL METHACRYLATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,38

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

ZINC OXIDE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water < 4
BCF > 175

REACTION MASS OF ETHYLBENZENE

AND XYLENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water > 3,16 Log Kow

Copper Pyrithione

BCF 50

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water > 3242 Kow 3.242 @ 25 °C



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BCF 31

Pyrithione zinc

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water < 4

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1992

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (CAS number: 64742-95-6); Copper Pyrithione)

IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (CAS number: 64742-95-6); Copper Pyrithione;

DICOPPER OXIDE)

IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (CAS number: 64742-95-6); Copper Pyrithione)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3 (6.1)

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3 (6.1)







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IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3 (6.1)





14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally

Hazardous

Marine Pollutant IMDG:

NO IATA:

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 36 Limited Tunnel Quantities: 5 restriction

code: (D/E)

Special provision: 274

Passengers:

EMS: F-E, S-D IMDG: Limited

Quantities: 5

Maximum Cargo:

quantity: 220 instructions: 366

Packaging

Maximum

Packaging quantity: 60 L instructions:

355

Special provision: АЗ

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

IATA:

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c-E1

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product</u>

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

75 Point

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable



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Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 3: Severe hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

DICOPPER OXIDE

XYLENE

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 1B Reproductive toxicity, category 1B

Acute Tox. 2 Acute toxicity, category 2
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1



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Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H360D May damage the unborn child.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
 CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level



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- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP)
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.